#### **SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER (2025-26)**

# Learnosphere

## ECONOMICS (030) CLASS 12

TIME: 3 HOURS M.M. – 80

## **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:**

- I. This question paper contains two sections:
  - Section A Macro Economics
  - Section B Indian Economic Development
- II. This paper contains 20 Multiple Choice Type Questions of 1 mark each.
- III. This paper contains 4 Short Answer Type Questions of 3 marks each to be answered in 60 to 80 words.
- IV. This paper contains 6 Short Answer Type Questions of 4 marks each to be answered in 80 to 100 words.
- V. This paper contains 4 Long Answer Type Questions of 6 marks each to be answered in 100 to 150 words.

S.NO.	SECTION A – MACRO ECONOMICS	MARKS
1	With reference to the given diagram, which of the following is true at point B?	1
	(Choose the correct option)	
	<b>Y</b> ↑	
	/	
	og C	
	E	
	Consumption	
	459	
	0 Income X	
	A. Slope of Consumption Curv <mark>e =</mark> 0	
	B. Average Propensity to Consume = 0	
	C. Slope of Saving Curve = 1	
	D. Average Propensity to Consume = 1	
	Note: The following question is for the Visually Impaired Candidates only,	
	in lieu of Q.1	4
	Identify, which of the following is true at the Break-Even level of Income.	1
	(Choose the correct option)  A. Slope of Consumption Curve = 0	
	B. Average Propensity to Consume = 0	
	C. Slope of Saving Curve = 1	
	D. Average Propensity to Consume = 1	
2	"Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is estimated to attain a level of ₹ 173.82	1
	lakh crore in the year 2023-24. The corresponding Nominal GDP is estimated	
	to stand at ₹ 295.36 lakh crore in the same year."	
	Source: https://pib.gov.in/PressReleseDetailm.aspx?PRID=2022323®=3⟨=1	
	On the basis of the given data, the value of GDP deflator would be	
	(Choose the correct option to fill up the blank) A. 295.36 B. 58.85	
	C. 169.92 D. 173.82	
3	"Money is non-perishable and is acceptable to anyone at any point of time."	1
	Identify, the function of money indicated in the aforesaid statement and choose	-
	the correct option.	
	A. Store of Value B. Medium of Exchange	
	C. Unit of Account D. Standard of Deferred Payments	
4	Read the following statements carefully:	1
	Statement 1: Devaluation of currency is said to occur when the exchange rate	
	is decreased under the Fixed Exchange Rate System.	

				Learn	osphe
	Statemen	t 2: Under the Floa	ating Exchange Rate System, cor	npetent authorities	oopric
		intain foreign exch			
			nts, choose the correct option fro	m the following:	
			nd Statement 2 is false.		
			and Statement 2 is true.		
		h Statements 1 an			
_		h Statements 1 an			
5	Refer to tr	ne given diagram o	carefully:		1
		A	Spending		
			Goods and Services		
			Goods and Services B		
		Firms	Households		
		1			
			Factor Payments		
			Factor Services D		
	The arrow	s C and D represe	ent Market.		
		·	(Choose the correct option	to fill up the blank)	
	A. Fac		B. Goods		
	C. Sto	ck	D. Financial		
		<b>.</b>	ion is for the Visually Impaired	Candidates only,	
	in lieu of		G (F ( 0 ; ( ))		4
			e flow of Factor Services from Ho		1
	and Facto	r Payments from F	Firms to Households represents		
	A. Fad	otor	(Choose the correct option B. Goods	to fill up the blank)	
	C. Sto		D. Financial		
6			the gap by which	falls short of the	1
Ū			d to establish full employment eq	-	•
	, igg g	,	(Choose the correct option		
	A. ex-	ante Aggregate D			
		ante Aggregate S			
7		following statemer			1
	Statemen	t 1: Final Goods	do not undergo any further trai	nsformation at the	
		any producer.			
			nay get transformed during their c	onsumption by the	
	ultimate p			41 £ !!	
			nts, choose the correct option fro	m the following:	
			nd Statement 2 is false. and Statement 2 is true.		
		h Statements 1 an			
		n Statements 1 an h Statements 1 an			
8			nformation, Money Supply (M1)	would be ₹	1
•	crore.	iolo or the given in		the correct option)	•
	S.No.		,	Amount	
			Components	(in ₹ crore)	
	(i)	Currency held b	ov the Public	320	
	(ii)	•	eposits with Commercial Banks	260	
	(iii)		sits with Commercial Banks	200	
		Mer Time Debo	Sits With Commercial Daliks	200	
	Options: A. 580	1	B. 780		
	C. 675		D. 875		
	U. 073		ט. טוט		

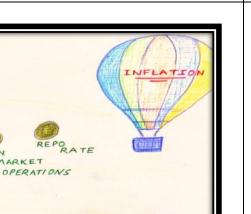
			Learn	osphe	rΔ
9	Read the	following statements: Assertion (A) and Rea	ason (R). Choose the	<del>oopi io</del>	
	correct op	tion from those given below:			
	Assertion	<b>1 (A)</b> : External Assistance is recorded in the 0	Current Account of the		
	Balance o	of Payments of a nation.			
	Reason (	(R): External Assistance includes bilateral	and multilateral loans		
		extended by a nation.			
	Options:				
		th Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Re	eason (R) is the correct		
	•	planation of Assertion (A).	_		
		th Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but	Reason (R) is not the		
		rect explanation of Assertion (A).			
		sertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.			
40		sertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.			
10	Reserve E	Bank of India (RBI) was established in the year		1	
	A. 193	(Choose the correct option B. 1935)	on to till up the blank)		
	C. 193				
11		othetical economy, assuming there are only tw	νο firms (Δ and Β) with	3	1
• •		othetical economy, assuming there are only two ess Value Added (GVA).	with the state of with	•	
	•	sis of the following data, estimate the value of D	Domestic Sales of Firm		
	A:	<b>3</b> ,			
	S. No.	Items	Amount		
			(in ₹ crore)		
	(i)	Value of Output of Firm B	1,000		
	(ii)	Purchases by Firm A from Firm B	300		
	(iii)	Exports by Firm A	200		
	(iv)	Purchases by Firm B from Firm A	250		
	(v)	Additions to stock of Firm A	150		
12		utory requirement of the Reserve Ratio (RR)	acts as a limit to the	3	
(A)		f credit that banks can create."			
	Justity the	e given statement with the valid explanation.			
12	"The Doc	<b>OR</b> serve Bank of India (RBI) provides several ba	anking convices to the	3	
(B)	Governme	· , , .	alikilig services to the	3	
(0)		gree with the given statement? Give valid exp	planation in support of		
	your answ		dianation in support of		
13	•	a is a retired government employee. Every m	onth, she earns rental	4	
(A)		om a property she owns. She has also invested			
` '	provide he	er with interest income. Occasionally, she receive	es cash transfers from		
	her family	members abroad.			
	Classify, N	Ms. Sarika's income as factor income or transf	er income, giving valid		
	reasons ir	n support of your answer.			
		OR		_	
13		e Expenditure Method, the value of Gross Do		4	
(B)		stimated by adding the final expenditure incurre	ed by all the sectors of		
	an econor		:		
	_	t of the given statement, explain the expenditu	re incurred by any two		
A A	sectors.	tor a normal racidant of VV7 accentur, table of	1 million loop from an		-
14		tor, a normal resident of XYZ country, took a \$		4	
		bank to expand his manufacturing business. I rnment of XYZ country borrowed \$5 billion			
		nstitution to cover the Balance of Payments (Bo			
	the countr		or , denote prevailing in		

4

Mishika, an economics student, read the above information and identified both the transactions cited, as outer a continuous cited, a the transactions cited, as autonomous transactions in the BoP account of XYZ country.

Do you agree with Mishka's identification of the underlying concept? Give valid arguments in support of your answer.

15 Refer to the given image carefully:



Explain any two indicated measures taken by the Central Bank to control the highlighted macroeconomic issue.

## Note: The following question is for the Visually Impaired Candidates only, in lieu of Q.15

State and explain any two measures that can be taken by the Central Bank to control the situation of inflation.

3

4

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- (I) Suppose in an economy, the Marginal Propensity to Consume (MPC) is 0.8. 16 The government introduced an investment project of ₹ 1,000 crore which led to (A) a manyfold increase in National Income (Y) and Consumption Expenditure (C). Estimate:
  - (a) Value of Investment Multiplier (k)

(b) Missing Values of (i) and (ii)

Rounds	Change in Investment (∆I)	Change in Income (∆Y)	Change in Consumption (∆C)	Change in Savings (∆S)
I	1,000	1,000	800	200
П		800	640	160
		(i)	(ii)	1,000

(II) "Sum of the Average Propensity to Consume (APC) and Average Propensity to Save (APS) is always equal to one."

Justify the given statement with the help of a suitable argument.

- (I) Suppose in a hypothetical economy, people save 20% of their additional 16 income. Ex-Ante Investments equals ₹ 100 and the equilibrium level of income (B) stands at ₹ 700. Calculate dissavings at zero level of income.
  - (II) Define Effective Demand. Explain the adjustment mechanism to attain the level of Effective Demand, if ex-ante Aggregate Demand is more than ex-ante Aggregate Supply.

17 Refer to the given text carefully:

> Revenue receipts of the Union Government of India, consisting of tax revenue and non-tax revenue increased year-on-year by 14.5% in the financial year 2023-24, with robust growth in both tax and non-tax revenues.

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In spite of the global trend of widening fiscal deficit and increasing debt burden. India has remained on the course of fiscal consolidation. In the post-covid period, significant fiscal consolidation could be achieved largely due to buoyant government revenues. The favourable fiscal performance in the financial year 2022-23, emerged as the cornerstone of India's macroeconomic stability. The fiscal deficit of the Union Government has been brought down from 6.4% of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in the financial year 2022-23 to 5.6% of GDP in the financial year 2023-24, according to the data released by the Office of Controller General of Accounts (CGA). Strong growth in direct and indirect taxes on account of resilient economic activities and increased compliance meant that the tax revenues generated exceeded the budgetary estimates. Additionally, higher-than-budgeted non-tax revenue in the form of dividends from the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has buffeted revenue receipts. In combination with restrained revenue expenditure, these buoyant revenues ensured lower deficits. A decomposition of the fiscal deficit over the past few years reveals that with a narrowing revenue deficit, a larger share of the fiscal deficit is being accounted for by capital outlay. This suggests that the productivity of borrowed resources has improved. Source: Economic Survey 2023-24 On the basis of the given text and common understanding, answer the following questions: **(I)** Differentiate between the two types of revenue receipts as indicated 3 in the above text. (II)Elaborate the reasons behind reduction in fiscal deficit of India for the 3 financial year 2023-24. SECTION B - INDIAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 18 Read the given text carefully: 1 "The Government has now decided to further promote the development of mutual funds by throwing the field open to the private sector and joint sector mutual funds. In order to safeguard the interests of the investing public, and to encourage a healthy growth of the capital markets, a comprehensive set of guidelines is being evolved for the operation of all mutual funds." Source: https://www.indiabudget.gov.in/doc/bspeech/bs199192.pdf (Budget 1991-92 Speech of Shri Manmohan Singh Minister of Finance) Identify the sector under which the aforesaid reform was introduced and choose the correct option. A. Industrial B. Financial C. Tax D. Foreign Trade 19 maintained a monopoly control over India's exports and imports, while the rest was allowed with a few other countries. (Choose the correct option to fill up the blank) A. China B. Ceylon (Sri Lanka) C. Britain D. Persia (Iran) Human capital is 20 1 intangible in nature (i) (ii) imperfectly mobile inseparable from its owner (iii) (Choose the correct option to fill up the blank) Options: A. (i) and (ii) B. (i) and (iii) D. (i), (ii) and (iii) C. (ii) and (iii)

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21	_	ents: Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose the	<b>ं</b> भगां	. 0
	correct option from those giv			
		credit system was significantly transformed with the ical reforms in agriculture sector.		
		ion led to the diversification of the portfolio of rural		
	credit towards production-or	·		
	Options:	ionioa ionaliig.		
	•	d Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct		
	explanation of Asserti			
	B. Both Assertion (A) an	nd Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the		
	correct explanation of	` '		
	C. Assertion (A) is true, I	· ·		
00	D. Assertion (A) is false,		4	
22	Owing to the efforts of the		1	
	modernisation of informal se	(Choose the correct option to fill up the blank)		
	A. World Trade Organisa	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	C. Central Statistical Office			
23	Read the following text caref	,	1	
	ı	e categorized into eight different industrial divisions	-	
	as:			
	CLASSIFICATION (	OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES INTO EIGHT INDUSTRIAL		
		DIVISIONS		
	(i) (ii) (iii)	(iv) (vii) (viii) (viii)		
	AGRICULTURE MINING AND QUARRYING MANUFACTURING	AND WATER SUPPLY  CONSTRUCTION TRADE TRANSPORT AND STORAGE SERVICES		
	For simplicity, all the work	ing persons engaged in these divisions can be		
		ing persons engaged in these divisions can be stors primary, secondary and tertiary sector.		
	In the light of the given text,			
	in the light of the given text,	(Choose the correct option to fill up the blank)		
	Options:	(Griecos and correct opaier to mi ap and plant)		
	A. Only (i)	B. (i) and (ii)		
	C. (iii), (iv) and (v)	D. (vi), (vii) and (viii)		
24	The population explosion an	d advent of Industrial Revolution led to the	1	
		(Choose the correct option to fill up the blank)		
		mand relationship of environmental resources for environmental resources		
		age temperature of the earth's lower atmosphere		
	D. increase in the enviro			
25		en in Column I and corresponding facts given in	1	
	Column II, choose the correct	·		
	Column I	Column II		
	(a) Animal Husbandry i	Instability in income		
	(b) Fisheries ii	Mixed crop-livestock farming system		
	(c) Horticulture iii	5 1		
	(-1) A	fruits and vegetables in the world		
	(d) Agro-processing iv	Iron and steel industry		
	options:			
	Α. (a)-i	B. (b)-ii		
	C. (c)-iii	D. (d)-ii		

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26	is the measure being taken to create orderly and transparent	OPI IG
	marketing conditions. (Choose the correct option to fill up the blank)	
	Options:	
	A. Cooperative marketing	
	B. Assurance of Minimum Support Price (MSP)	
	C. Provision of infrastructural development	
07	D. Regulation of markets	4
27	Read the following statements carefully:	1
	<b>Statement 1:</b> Great Leap Forward (GLF) campaign met with many problems like severe drought, conflict with Russia etc.	
	Statement 2: Under agricultural reforms, commune lands were allocated to	
	individual households for ownership, who were allowed to keep all post-tax	
	income.	
	In light of the given statements, choose the correct option from the following:	
	A. Statement 1 is true and Statement 2 is false.	
	B. Statement 1 is false and Statement 2 is true.	
	C. Both Statements 1 and 2 are true.	
	D. Both Statements 1 and 2 are false.	
28	"Pakistan was maintaining a healthy economic growth momentum of 6.3% till	3
	1990s, however it lost its track of economic growth falling to 5.3% between	
	2015-17."	
	Do you agree with the given statement? Justify your answer with valid	
	arguments.	
29	"Edward Barbier defined Sustainable Development as a strategy which is	3
(A)	directly concerned with increasing the material standard of living of the poor at	
	the grass root level."	
	Elaborate the given statement.	
20	OR	2
29 (B)	Distinguish between self-employed and hired workers with the help of a suitable example.	3
30	"The introduction of Railways affected the structure of the Indian economy in	4
(A)	two important ways."	7
(~)	Justify the given statement, with valid explanation.	
	OR	
30	Refer to the given information carefully:	
(B)		
	Increase in	
	—— expectation of life 1921—30 1941—50 during 20 years	
	Expectation of life 26 years and 32 years and 5 years and 6 months	
	at birth 11 months 5 months	
	Expectation of life 36 years and 39 years 2 years and 7 months at age 10 5 months	
	0	
	Source: Census of India 1951	
	Answer the following questions on the basis of the given information and	
	common understanding:  (I) Identify and define the demographic indicator given in the above table.	2
	(II) List any two such demographic indicators.	1
	(III) State the stage of demographic transition India entered in 1921.	1
31	(I) "India has been a part of many regional and global economic groupings such	3
J 1	as G20, SAARC, BRICS etc."	
	In the light of the given statement, briefly explain the importance of regional and	
	global economic groupings.	
	3.2.2	
	(II) Define 'Special Economic Zone'.	1

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(I) "Government made a fresh statement of policy on the 30th April, 1956 which 33 will help speeding up industrialisation and, in particular, to develop heavy (A) industries and machine making industries, to expand the public sector, and to build up a large and growing co-operative sector". **Source:** http://164.100.161.239/plans/planrel/fiveyr/index2.html (Planning Commission)

In the light of the given text and common understanding, comment upon the classification of industries under the revised policy.

(II) "The implementation of land ceiling legislation in India encountered several challenges that hindered its effectiveness."

Do you agree with the given statement? Give valid reasons in support of your answer.

OR

33 (I) "The process of globalisation through liberalisation and privatisation has produced positive, as well as, negative results for India." (B)

Do you agree with the given statement? Give valid explanation in support of your answer.

(II) "The Government of India was compelled to introduce the economic reforms of 1991."

State any two reasons behind the introduction of Economic Reforms of 1991.

Read the following text carefully: 34

32

Refer to the given image carefully:

Panel A

Panel B over Panel A.

only, in lieu of Q.32

The National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, asserts that education is fundamental for achieving full human potential, providing universal access to quality education and leadership on the global stage in terms of economic growth, social justice and equality. Thus, it presents the best way forward for developing and optimising India's resources.

To attain the goals of education, NEP 2020 unequivocally endorses a substantial increase in public investment in education by both the Central government and all State governments. This is considered extremely critical for achieving the high-quality and equitable public education system that is truly needed for India's future progress and growth. To achieve this, they need to

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increase the public investment in Education sector to reach 6% of GDP at the earliest.

One of the primary goals of the schooling system must be to ensure that children are enrolled in and are attending school. As per the 75th round household survey by NSSO in 2017-18, the number of out of school children in the age group of 6 to 17 years is 3.22 crore. With a goal to achieve 100% Gross Enrolment Ratio in preschool to secondary level by 2030, it will be a top priority to bring these children back into the educational fold as early as possible, and to prevent further students from dropping out. For the same, two initiatives that will be undertaken are to provide:

- effective and sufficient infrastructure, so that all students have access to safe and engaging school education at all levels from pre-primary school to Grade 12.
- regular trained teachers at each stage, special care shall be taken to ensure that no school remains deficient on infrastructure support.

https://www.education.gov.in/sites/upload\_files/mhrd/files/NEP\_Final\_English.pdf (adapted and modified)

On the basis of the given text and common understanding, answer the following questions:

- (I) "Education is considered fundamental for achieving full human potential". Justify the given statement with valid arguments.
- (II)Discuss the importance of increasing public expenditure in education.
- (III) State any two main initiatives that may be implemented to tackle school dropouts and avert additional students from leaving school.